

TO ADVERTISERS.

Transients advertisements must be paid for in advance. No insertion.

TO AGENTS.

Settlements of accounts will be required monthly, or the supply of papers will be discontinued. The daily and weekly issues will be furnished at the lowest rates, and an exception will in future be made to this rule.

The Grouse Creek Difficulty.

The more we ponder over the recent highhanded proceedings of a body of miners on Grouse Creek, the more thoroughly are we convinced that the perpetrators have taken an unwise and dangerous step. As simple trespassers upon the Flume Company's ground they were in the eyes of the law misdemeanants; but by offering armed resistance to the mandate of a court they become criminals. Whatsoever may be the opinion of these misguided men as to their equitable right to the ground, the court has decided that they possess no legal claim, and it was their duty, as good citizens, to bow to that decision and resign the property into the hands of its lawful owners. If they had made up their minds not to accept the magistrate as arbiter, why did they appear in court at all? Why did they not from the first refuse to obey the enjoinments of the court to appear and answer a charge of having trespassed on the forbidden ground? The conclusion that every unprejudiced person must arrive at is this: The Canadian Company went into court debarred to obey the law if it was with them; to break it if it was against them. They accepted the court as a proper tribunal to try the case so long as they supposed there was a chance of a decision being made in their favor; but the moment judgment was given for the other side they flow to arms. Apply the rule these men have adopted to every case carried into a court of law, and allow the losing party to forcibly hold what the law says is another man's, and we sink at once from the condition of a well-ordered community into a state of anarchy and confusion. Practically these men have no more chance of effecting any reasonable object in refusing to recognize property or law than if they had attempted to set things right by assassinating the Gold Commissioner, lynching Judge Begbie, or firing the court-house. Don Quixote could not be under more absurd illusions as to the means and agencies for and against him, as to the value of his colleagues, or the character of those he attacked or defended. It is not a virtue that has impelled the Canadian Company to adopt their violent course, but a madness—an utterly incompetent attempt to effect the impossible. The Fenians are actuated by the sentiment that has effected deliverances, founded constitutions and made the world what it is, though we can only lament in their case to see that sentiment in the form of a ridiculous burlesque. The men who have taken up arms at Cariboo are actuated by no feeling worthy the name of sentiment. By the exercise of brute force and numerical strength they have wrested a rich claim from the hands of its legal owners, and now threaten to resist by force every attempt on the part of the Government to place the claim again in the hands of those to whom it belongs. This state of things must not be allowed to exist a moment longer than it will take to send to Cariboo a force sufficiently strong, numerically, to overawe these lawless men. It is easy to enforce the law. No provocation need come from the Government. Should the men retire without opposing the Government, there will be no necessity for bloodshed; but even must be met as they arise, and should the miners appeal to the arbitration of arms to decide the question, the Government must not shrink from doing its duty. If the people now in arms are led to suppose for a time by the adoption of a timid policy that they can do this thing with impunity, subsequent interference will produce a sense of wrong. As the case now stands, there is not a man among the one hundred who have arrayed themselves against the law but who perfectly well the fearful responsibility he has incurred. Suffer the law to be set at defiance now with impunity, and every valuable piece of mining ground in British Columbia will be placed at the mercy of the mob. Rich claims will be held by the minority only upon the sufferance or good nature of the majority. It is asserted that popular sentiment at Cariboo sides with the Canadian Company. We can scarcely credit this assertion, for it must be perfectly plain to every intelligent miner that should mob-law achieve a triumph in the present instance, no man's claim is safe from the depredations of the lawless or the unprincipled, no matter how securely he may fancy himself hedged in by legal decisions in his favor. The fate of the Grouse Creek Flume Company to-day may be that of the Herron Company to-morrow. Where "Might makes Right" public security is at an end.

By Electric Telegraph

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES

Eastern States.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The Herald's special from Leavenworth says, the Indians captured a train near Fort Larned. Bishop Lanney, ten priests and six sisters of charity accompanied the train, which was going to Santa Fe. The men were killed and the women carried away captives.

Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Madame Juarez was received at Vera Cruz with warm welcome; the city was brilliantly illuminated in her honor. Juarez arrived at the capital on the 14th, and was cordially received. He emphatically declines a re-election, and has ordered a new election. He will return to the mountains when his successor is chosen. It is reported that Vedaauri has been shot. Marquez is believed to be hiding in Mexico. Later dates from Tampico state that Santa Anna has been shot.

The Mexicans are about to publish an address to the world justifying the execution of Maximilian.

Europe.

PARIS, July 20.—The Emperor is still buying large numbers of horses for the army and military works.

FLORENCE, July 19.—At a great meeting at Pestojo, Garibaldi announced that the time had arrived to liberate Rome from Papal tyranny, and restore the ancient freedom of the city.

A severe fight had occurred between Garibaldi and a party of Italian troops, near Vincennes.

LONDON, July 19.—The Government has requested the House of Lords to refrain from expressing any opinion on the execution of Maximilian.

DUBLIN, July 16.—The Waterloo rioters have been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment.

LONDON, July 19.—A grand banquet to the Belgian Volunteers, who are on a visit to this country, is in progress at the Agricultural Hall. Over 15,000 people are present. The Sultan, the Prince of Wales and others of the distinguished party of Guildhall will visit the Agricultural Hall at the close of the festivities.

DELAYED DISPATCHES.

Eastern States.

In the Senate Chandler called up the resolution regarding Mexican affairs, and made a speech justifying the execution of Maximilian. He hoped Congress would not adjourn without an expression of sympathy, and also extend aid if necessary to Mexico; if any European powers determined to fight Mexico they must fight the United States also.

Powder and Nye spoke in favor of the resolution. The latter regarded Mexico as ultimately destined to belong to this country. He enlarged Juarez as a great and good man; an enlightened world would sympathize with the fate of Maximilian. He had no sympathy for an imported monarch, who came to subjugate, not invigorate, the country. It was advisable to exercise a fraternal policy towards Mexico, and extend substantial aid if necessary.

Howard justified the action of the court-martial which tried Maximilian, and denounced the decree of October 18th, 1865, as the murderous decree of a temporarily successful highwayman. Maximilian met a deserved fate.

Yates moved that further consideration of the subject be postponed, as it deserved more consideration.

The special says a large delegation of white and black Unionists had arrived from North Carolina and Alabama, for the purpose of urging Congress to abolish the present State Governments of the South. Their petition sets forth that Union men would have a better chance to control registration if the present organizations were entirely abolished. The Carolina delegation will present a petition for the relief of Gov. Holden from the political disabilities incurred by active participation in the rebellion.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—In the House a number of bills were introduced, including a bill to repeal the bankrupt law; one abolishing national banks and redeeming bills with legal tenders.

Wood introduced a resolution of inquiry as to what action should be taken in view of

We do hope that these men will pay such respect to the law of the land as to desist from an act which they well know is contrary to law. They have had every opportunity of trying the legal right, and having failed to establish their claim we trust that wise counsels will prevail, and that they will quietly relinquish an attempt their own good sense ought to tell them is futile. The position of Governor Seymour is a delicate one, and he deserves the active support and sympathy of all right minded colonists. There is a plain path open to his Excellency. He should proceed in person to Cariboo and endeavor by argument to induce these rash men to abandon their Quixotic enterprise; failing an amicable arrangement, special constables should be sworn in; and if a sufficient civil force cannot be obtained, martial law should be proclaimed and the Admiral called on for troops to assist in upholding the majesty of the law, which must and will not be suffered to be trailed in the mire of Grouse Creek.

THE PROPAGANDA OF INFIDELITY.—The

John Bull commends to those who rejoice in going far toward infidelity, as is respectable, the admirable remarks of the Lord Chief Baron this week in the case of 'Cowan vs Melbourne,' an action in which the plaintiff, who had distributed blasphemous placards at Liverpool, advertising lectures on the 'Character and Teachings of Christ; the former Defective, the latter Misleading; and on the 'The Bible Story as told to be more inspired than any other Book,' and ordered to be removed from the defendant's breach of agreement in refusing to allow him the use of the Assembly Room. The Chief Baron said—and it is refreshing in these days to hear such words from the judicial bench—'Whatever contract might have been entered into by the defendant, no doubt could be entertained that he was justified in preventing his room being used for the purposes mentioned. It needs no authority to show that Christianity was part and parcel of the law of England, and it is equally as true that the defendant was not to be tempted by argument and reasoning to prove that the character of Our Saviour was defective and his teaching misleading, was blasphemous and impious. Not only was the defendant justified in refusing the use of his rooms for the purposes in question, but he was bound by the laws of his country to do all in his power to prevent their being used.'

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Barley.—We quote now at \$1 15@1 20 and old at \$1 20@1 25.

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THE OCEAN.—The Pacific ocean covers a surface of 88,000,000 square miles, and the Atlantic 25,000,000, the Southern ocean 30,000,000, and the Indian 17,000,000. The surface of the sea as compared to that of land, is 160 to 40 or four to one. The depth of the sea is supposed to be equal to the height of the mountains—four miles. Where the sea is of a blue color, it is deep—where green it is shallow. The temperature in equal latitudes is from four to eight degrees less in the Southern hemisphere, or supposed to arise from the extended surface of the water, and from the sun passing through the Southern signs, seven and three, eight days less than the Northern.

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the forcible abduction of Santa Anna from an American vessel, and whether treaties and the law of nations had not been so violated as to demand summary action on the part of this government. Ashley offered a constitutional amendment, providing that all persons hereafter naturalized must be able to read and write; also that no person can hold office, civil or military, who was a member of any convention which passed an act of secession or held a commission a ope the rank of captain in the rebel army. On motion of Banks the President was requested to furnish information relative to the execution of Maximilian and Santa Anna. Logan offered a resolution directing the committee to inquire into the acts of disloyalty alleged against Kentucky members, with power to send for persons and papers, but to sit during recess. Adopted. Butler offered a preamble and resolution appointing a Special Committee of Five to examine into the assassination conspiracy, and granting an amnesty to any conspirator who will reveal the whole plot. Butler, Shellabarger, Julian, Ward and Randall were appointed on such committee. A motion of Schenck was passed calling for a full report. Cabinet meeting is now considering the reconstruction act. Stevens has reported an explanatory reconstruction act, an abstract of which was previously sent, one section providing that no civil court shall have jurisdiction of any act civil or criminal, of any district commander or any officer acting under his authority, in the discharge of duties under the act. Several amendments were offered. Wilson offered one providing a penalty of \$5,000 for any person obstructing the execution of the act. Benjamin offered one providing that the right of registration should not be affected by the executive pardon. Stevens proposed to move the previous question on the passage of the bill. Several Democrats appealed to Stevens to not deprive the minority of the right to discuss the bill. Brooks desired an opportunity to present a minority report. Stevens consented to allow the discussion to proceed with the understanding that he would seek a vote at half past one. Noell, Chandler and Miller spoke against the bill. NASHVILLE, July 9.—The Mayor of the city had an interview with Col. Duncan, commander of the post, touching the riotous conduct of the negro military company sent to Franklin by the State authority. Col. Duncan declared they ought to have been arrested, and demanded of the State Inspector General, Hunt, his reason for sending State troops after he had sent regulars sufficient to preserve peace. He announced that he would protect the people and not permit interference with his authority by the State military. RICHMOND (Va.), July 10.—The colored voters have a majority in the registration list to-day, of 250. Accounts from the southern western counties say that the whites are largely in the majority. NEW YORK, July 10.—The Tribune's Yokohama correspondent says the value of the Japan trade with San Francisco last year was \$170,814. The value of the first quarter of the present year is \$6,707,093.

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New Advertisements:
In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of Vancouver Island, B.C.
IN BANKRUPTCY.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following case will be heard on Wednesday, the 24th of July instant, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon.
GEORGE E. DENNES—For Choice of Trade Assignees.
JOHN COPLAND—To File Accounts.
CHARTERS—For Choice of Trade Assignees.
GEORGE BILLS—To Surrender for Second Examination.
PARIS CARTER—Application for Discharge.
By Order,
RICHARD WOODS, Acting Registrar.
Registrar's Office, July 22, 1867.

CONDENSED WAREHOUSE.

Having bonded one of their Free-Trade Store, on Wharf street, are now prepared to receive Goods on Storage at the lowest rates.

For Particulars apply at
TOUR STORE,
Wharf street.

Wanted Immediately.

A FINE AND ORDINARY SEAMEN FOR ships bound to London, China, Australia and Australasia.
Apply to
JER. NAGLE,
Shipping Office,
Near the Police Barracks,
Victoria, V.I.
N.B.—For Sale.—Several Schooners, Sloops, and a New Racing Gull, 24 feet long.

The Market Exchange,

(LATE WILCOX'S HOTEL),
Corner of Fort and Wilcox streets.

JAMES MADDY, Proprietor.

THIS ENTERTAINMENT HAVING been added and supplied with the very best Brands of Ales, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, will be opened
ON MONDAY, the 22nd of JULY.

The subscriber having had many years experience in the business, will be glad to attend to the wants of his old friends and customers.

Money to Loan.

AT LOW RATES, ON FIRST-CLASS Securities.
Apply to
T. ALLEN,
Government Clerk,
Near Brougham.

JULIUS GRUNBAUM,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in
THE BEST BRANDS OF
French Brandies, Wines
AND
LIQUORS,
Wharf street, next to the Corner of Yates
VICTORIA, V.I. j291m

GRAND PIC-NIC

AT
C. R. BROWN'S HOTEL, PARSON'S BRIDGE.

ME C. R. BROWN DESIRS TO ANNOUNCE to the Citizens of Victoria and vicinity that by particular request he will give a Grand Pic-nic at the above place,
ON THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

There will be a STUNNING COLLATION BAND, under the superintendence of Mr. J. H. BIRD.

The PAVILION will be beautifully decorated, and the floor (50 feet in diameter) in good position for dancing as the most for dancing could wish.

NO CHARGE made for admittance to the Posing Pavilion.

A good substantial Cold Collation will be spread at 50 cents a ticket.

Quits, Shirts, Socks and other Amusements will be provided gratuitously, and the Proprietor is determined to make this the Pic-nic of the Season, as it is the most picturesque and beautiful spot on the whole of Vancouver Island.

Dancing will commence at 2 o'clock, and in the evening the Pavilion will be brilliantly illuminated.

Williams and Howard's Banquet will run throughout the night. Fare each way, 50 cents.

SELLING OFF!

BELOW COST.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
Millinery & Drapery Goods
Which must be Cleared by 21st of July.

Also...
One Singer's Sewing Machine, Glass Cases, Cooking Stoves, Furniture, &c., &c.

H. R. PICKLES,

Albion House,
Fort street, V.I.

FLOUR!

SUPERFINE AND EXTRA SUPERFINE
8 Brands of KEMP, LINCOLN AND UNION CITY MILLS.
For Sale by
J. ROBERTSON STEWART,
Wharf street, j291m
Victoria, July 18, 1867.

LONDON MARKET

Reynolds & Botherell,
Corner Yates & Douglas Streets.

ISLAND FED MEAT.

Of the Finest Description, from their own Ranch.
Families and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.
Contractors entered into for the supply of Island Fed Meat on favorable terms, and delivered carriage free.

The Vancouver Coal Mining

AND
LAND COMPANY, LIMITED.

ORDERS WILL BE EXECUTED AT KANAKO at the following rates:
For Coal - - - \$6 50
,, Dress or Slack 2 50
Per Ton of 2240 lbs.

Payments to be made either in cash on delivery at Nanaimo, or by previous deposit to the Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company's credit, with the bank of British Columbia.

CHARLES S. NICOL,
j291m
Manager.

TO LET.

THE NEWLY FINISHED HOTEL and RESTAURANT, part of the premises formerly known as the St. Nicholas, will be let on reasonable terms. Enquire of
LD. LOWENBERG,
Government street.

New Advertisements
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
FINDLAY & DURHAM
HAVE REMOVED FROM FORT STREET
TO THE
STORE ON WHARF STREET,
Formerly occupied by J. LOEWI & CO., next door to McCRAE'S Auction Room
And have just unpacked a Large Assortment of
Dry Goods, Clothing, Blankets, Hats
and Caps, &c.
Which they are offering to the Trade at Low Rates. j29

AT

Insurance.

ROYAL INSURANCE

FIRE AND LIFE.
CAPITAL.....TEN MILLION DOLLARS
RESERVE TO MEET LOSSES
FIVE MILLION DOLLARS!

CHARLES TURNER, Esq., M. P. CHAIRMAN, PERCY M.
DOVE, Manager.

THIS COMPANY HAS NOW THE LARGEST
income in the Fire and Life Premiums of any company
in the world.

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